

New Zealand Wool Services International Limited

AND WOOL SERVICES INTERNATIO

INDEPENDENT ADVISER'S REPORT

Prepared by

GRANT SAMUEL & ASSOCIATES LIMITED Auckland: Sydney: Melbourne

23 November 2001

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1 Proposed Transaction

Hellaby Holdings Limited ("Hellaby") is the holder of 59.2% of the issued o New Zealand Wool Services International Limited ("NZWSI"). Hellaby has from Forresters (New Zealand) Limited ("Forresters") on behalf of Mr Alan 28,529,587 ordinary shares in NZWSI from its shareholding (the "Forresters equivalent to 39.2% of the capital of NZWSI. The offer is the result of priva between Hellaby and Forresters over the past several months. If successful t NZWSI shares by Forresters will take the total shareholding of interests asso Hubbard to 43.4%.

The price offered by Forresters is 37 cents per NZWSI share with final settle 21 December 2001. Forresters paid a \$100,000 deposit on 2 November 2991 consideration of \$10,555,947, Hellaby will provide an interest bearing vend \$6,115,947 to Forresters for a one year term, but with Forresters having the r loan at any time without penalty. The principal amount of the loan and accru secured by a first mortgage over 19,455,000 NZWSI shares held by Forreste unconditional guarantee from Mr Hubbard and Mrs M J Hubbard.

Other relevant terms and conditions of the Forresters Purchase are:

- the transaction is conditional upon the approval of NZWSI shareholders i no later than 20 December 2001;
- the transaction is conditional upon the approval of the directors of Hellab been satisfied;
- both Hellaby and Forresters agree to use their best endeavours to ensure t
 maintains its existing dividend policy (as long as it is consistent with pruden
 management and does not jeopardise the balance sheet or cash flow position
- Hellaby undertakes to use its best endeavours to support the appointment representatives to the NZWSI Board of Directors;
- Forresters agrees to vote in favour of the continued appointment of David Managing Director of Hellaby as a director of NZWSI as long as Hellaby co

least 20% of NZWSI's issued shares;

- Hellaby undertakes to procure the immediate resignation of David Houlds Hellaby's shareholding in NZWSI fall below the 20% threshold;
- Forresters and Hellaby agree to assist each other to enable NZWSI to be consistent with maximising its performance, profits and returns to its shareh
- if Hellaby wishes at any time to sell all or part of its remaining shareholdi required to first offer the shares to Forresters who have 15 days in which to price is to be determined between both parties but can be no less than 37 cen

2 Scope of the Report

2.1 Requirement of the Takeovers Code

The Takeovers Code came into effect on 1 July 2001, replacing the Exchange Listing Rules and the Companies Amendment Act 1963 governing the conduct of company takeover activity in New Zealan Code seeks to ensure that all shareholders are treated equally and o disclosure are able to make informed decisions on shareholding tra impact on their own holdings.

NZWSI is subject to the Takeovers Code as it has more than 50 sh than \$20 million in assets. Under the Code, an offeror seeking to in shareholding in a Code company to 20% or more is normally requi partial offer to all shareholders conditional on the offeror receiving more than 50% of the target company's voting rights. Rule 7(c) of t exception to this requirement. It allows an offeror to acquire existin totalling less than 50% of a Code company's total voting securities shareholders of the Code company if the acquisition is approved by target company shareholders in a general meeting. The notice of m the resolution to be voted on must contain (inter alia) a report (or s from an independent adviser on the merits of the proposed acquisiti the interests of the shareholders entitled to vote to approve the acq

2.2 Purpose of the Report

The proposed acquisition of a 39.16% holding in NZWSI by Forre shareholder, Hellaby, constitutes a compliance option under Rule 7 Code. Accordingly, the Directors of NZWSI not associated with F (the "Independent Directors") have engaged Grant Samuel & Asso ("Grant Samuel") to prepare the Independent Adviser's Report requ of the Takeovers Code setting out an assessment of the merits of th acquisition having regard to the interests of those NZWSI sharehol on the proposal. Grant Samuel is independent of NZWSI, Forrester has no involvement with, or interest in, the proposed acquisition of Forrester from Hellaby.

Grant Samuel has been approved by the Takeovers Panel to prepar Adviser's Report. The report is for the benefit of holders of NZWSI Hellaby, Forresters and their associated persons). The report shoul purpose other than as an expression of Grant Samuel's opinion as t Forrester's acquisition having regard to the interests of NZWSI sha vote on the proposal.

2.3 Basis of Assessment

Rule 18 of the Takeovers Code requires the Independent Adviser t merits of any proposed acquisition ... having regard to the interests who may vote to approve the acquisition ...". The term "merits" has in the Takeovers Code itself or in any statute dealing with securitie in New Zealand. The Takeovers Panel has not issued guidelines as of the term "merits". For the purpose of this report Grant Samuel is an assessment of the merits of the proposed acquisition should con qualities of the two transacting parties in as much they contribute v otherwise and whether the non transacting shareholders will be dis Forresters Purchase.

The merits of the Forresters Purchase are to be assessed for the sha other than Hellaby and Forresters, who as existing shareholders an the proposed transaction, are not entitled to vote on the resolution t arrangement. Grant Samuel has assessed the merits of the Forrester taking into consideration the following factors:

- the nature of the proposed share sale and purchase transaction;
- · Forresters' intentions for NZWSI and the implications of a chang
- · the consequences of Hellaby no longer being a controlling share
- . the market for NZWSI shares; and
- the likely consequences if the sale and purchase is not approved.

Grant Samuel has not taken into consideration the price agreed bet Hellaby for the proposed transaction. Both parties have agreed the conditions following extended negotiations as willing buyer and wi the transaction has been negotiated by private treaty there is no off shareholders. Grant Samuel understands that if the Forresters Purch Forresters will not pursue any other action and will not make a full shareholders as allowed under the Takeovers Code. Grant Samuel t that a valuation of NZWSI is not required because minority shareh asked to sell their shares nor will they be asked to sell their shares i approve the Forrester Purchase.

2.4 Sources of Information

The following information was relied on in preparing this report:

- correspondence between Hellaby and Forresters detailing the ter the proposed purchase of NZWSI shares by Forresters from Hellab
- annual reports for NZWSI for the years ending 30 June 1999, 20
- interim reports for NZWSI for the six months ending 31 Decem 2000;

- · shareholding reports provided by BK Registries Limited; and
- the draft notice of meeting to be sent to NZWSI shareholders.

Grant Samuel also held discussions with Alan Hubbard and manag and NZWSI.

2.5 Limitations and Reliance on Information

The report is based on information provided by NZWSI, Hellaby a Samuel has considered and relied upon this information. Grant Sa information provided was reliable, complete and not misleading an believe that any material facts have been withheld.

The information provided has been evaluated through analysis, enq the purposes of forming an opinion as to the merits of the Forrester regard to the interests of those NZWSI shareholders entitled to vot approve the proposed transaction. However, Grant Samuel does no inquiries have identified or verified all of the matters which an audi examination or "due diligence" investigation might disclose.

2.6 Current Market Conditions

The opinion of Grant Samuel is based on economic, market and ot prevailing at the date of this report. Such conditions can change sig relatively short periods of time.

3 Profile of NZWSI

NZWSI is a wool processor and exporter based in Christchurch. It is one of largest exporters of greasy and scoured wools, purchasing approximately 20 or about 13% of the country's total production. It has over 13,000 shareholde who are wool growers.

The company has marketing offices in the key wool importing countries of United Kingdom, and has representatives based in Turkey, Italy, Iran, Taiwa Spain. Processing of greasy wool is undertaken at scouring plants located at of Christchurch) and Whakatu (near Hastings). NZWSI has 90% and 50% o plants respectively, in partnership in both cases with Dalewool Holdings Li largest privately owned wool exporter. The scours, and particularly the Kap modern and efficient and compete well on quality and cost with other New

NZWSI purchases wool to customer order with approximately 50% being so auctions throughout the country, but with an increasing percentage being so the woolgrower. Approximately 80% of wool is scoured before shipment, wi shipped as greasy wool.

The scouring sector in New Zealand has undergone considerable rationalisat

five years. A reduction in sheep numbers leading to reduced supplies of woo downturn in consumption led to considerable competition and over capacity situation has resulted in the closure of several merchant scours with NZWSI merchant scourer in the country. NZWSI has emerged from the rationalisati improving trading margins.

NZWSI's main competition in wool trading comes from the New Zealand of based (primarily European) wool traders. It competes well against these com consistent quality of product at competitive prices dealing direct with end us through intermediaries. A strong balance sheet relative to its competitors has handle seasonal funding requirements without disruption to customer service

4 Profile of Forresters

Forresters is currently a shell company with no assets. It has been establishe company to hold the NZWSI investment. The sole shareholder of Forresters Charitable Trust. The two trustees of the Trust are Mr P Hewitson and Mr N partners in the Timaru headquartered chartered accounting practice, Hubbar Mr Hewitson and Mr Gormack are also the directors of Forresters. The Trus associated with Mr Allan J Hubbard and his wife, Mrs Margaret J Hubbard. founding partner of Hubbard Churcher & Co and has initiated the proposed shares from Hellaby. Mr Hubbard has proposed that he and Mr Stuart Nattra directors representing the interests of Forresters on the NZWSI Board.

Mr Hubbard has extensive business interests in his own right, including shar Canterbury Finance, general aviation and rental car businesses, and land ow Hubbard is also the owner of a number of farms and has an ongoing interest and agricultural sectors in New Zealand generally.

Mr Hubbard has an existing 4.25% shareholding in NZWSI held jointly with proposed purchase of NZWSI shares from Hellaby proceeds, the Hubbards interest of 43.4% in NZWSI.

Mr Hubbard has indicated to Grant Samuel that his existing and proposed ad in NZWSI is a financial investment only and that he has no plans to seek cha company's strategic or business plans. He will seek to have two directors ap member Board of Directors of NZWSI, one of which is likely to be himself. stated that he wishes to see the existing independent directors (i.e. those not Hellaby or Forresters) continue to hold their Board seats in accordance with NZWSI. Mr Hubbard has also stated that he supports the continuation of NZ dividend policy.

5 History of Hellaby's Interest in NZWSI

Hellaby is an investment company listed on the New Zealand Stock Exchan capitalisation of approximately \$112 million. It has a diverse range of invest generally followed a strategy of investing in under-performing businesses wi investment gains as a result of profit improvements. As is normal with inves this type, Hellaby has generally considered that any of its portfolio interests

than long term assets. The company has been active in selling mature assets months with sales totalling \$20 million occurring.

Hellaby first invested in NZWSI in December 1997, paying 25 cents per sha shares issued as part of a cash issue of 40 million shares made by the compa balance sheet at the time when the Wool Board withdrew its guarantee of th debt.

Further financial support to NZWSI was provided by Hellaby when it agree for 2 cash issue of shares to all shareholders in March 2000 at 25 cents per s not well supported by minority NZWSI shareholders and Hellaby was requir shortfall equivalent to 79% of the shares offered to these shareholders. As a shareholding in NZWSI moved from 46% to 59.2%.

In July 2001, Hellaby signalled to the NZWSI Board that it wished to sell all shareholding in NZWSI. Grant Samuel understands that this move is consist operating policy of selling assets when they will realise a target rate of retur

6 Merits of the Forresters Purchase

6.1 New Shareholding and Board Structure

Based on NZWSI's existing share register at 19 November 2001 an purchase of the shareholding by Forresters proceeds, the resultant t structure for NZWSI will be as follows:

NZWSI - Top 5 Shareholders following Forresters

	No. of Shar
Forresters/Mr & Mrs A Hubbard	31,625,85
Hellaby Holdings	14,568,85
Michael Dwyer	4,100,10
John Dawson	1,000,00
Paul Steel	1,000,00
Total	52,295,00

Following the Forresters Purchase, Hubbard interests will control 4 issued shares. It is generally regarded that a single shareholder hol a company with a large number of shareholders on its register has e the company. This will be the case with the Hubbard interests, who they will seek to have two directors appointed to the NZWSI Boar understands that Hellaby will lose one of its current two directors. will consist of:

- Hubbard interests 2 directors
- Hellaby 1 director

No of Chan

• Independent - 3 directors

If NZWSI shareholders approve a special resolution to be voted on meeting considering the Forresters Purchase, a seventh director wil Board. This will be an independent person not associated with Hub Hellaby.

Mr Hubbard, who has extensive interests as a farm owner and is kn supporter of the continued growth of the agricultural sector in New indicated that he is supportive of current management and that he s change NZWSI's current direction. Forresters and Hellaby have agr together to enable NZWSI to maximise profits and shareholder ret

In Grant Samuel's opinion, it is unlikely that there will be any signi governance of NZWSI from the current situation with Hellaby as c shareholder.

6.2 Relative Attributes of the Transacting Parties

Mr Hubbard has demonstrated a continuing interest in the agricultu sectors in New Zealand. He was previously an 8% shareholder in E arm of the apple and pear industry in New Zealand and was a partn of agribusiness investors who purchased a 66.1% shareholding in c owner, Tasman Agriculture. He holds a number of directorships an across a wide range of business sectors. In Grant Samuel's opinion, business experience and commitment to the rural sector should be NZWSI.

NZWSI has in the past relied on its major shareholder to support ca shares required to recapitalise its balance sheet at a time when the s experiencing trading difficulties. Whilst NZWSI is currently experi more stable trading conditions and has a strong balance sheet and t to require further equity issues, Mr Hubbard has indicated that he issue if required. Grant Samuel is unable to verify the financial stre the Hubbard family interests because of their private nature, and th comment on the capacity of the Hubbard interests to support any fu it were required.

Hellaby has brought similar business acumen and experience to the during its time as a shareholder, although its investment interests ar than those of Mr Hubbard with less focus on the agricultural sector of its investment company nature, is likely to have a relatively shor holding its investments and look for opportunities to exit them prof points in trading cycles. This has been borne out in the case of NZ signalled its intention to sell its shareholding at a time when the ind after a prolonged period of difficult trading conditions.

Overall, in Grant Samuel's opinion, there is no imbalance in the rel Hellaby and Forresters/Hubbard and the change in controlling shar bring any disadvantages to the other NZWSI shareholders.

6.3 Shareholder Returns

For the years ending 30 June 2000 and 2001, NZWSI paid dividen and 104% of the company's net profit after tax respectively. The 2 dividends have both had full imputation credits attached. As part of governing the Forresters Purchase, Hellaby and Forresters have agr endeavours to ensure that NZWSI maintains its existing dividend p Forrester, the current dividend will be sufficient to cover the intere vendor loan provided by Hellaby for the share purchase.

In Grant Samuel's view there is no reason to expect that Hellaby an change their understanding on dividend payments and thus there is income disadvantages to the other shareholders as a result of the F

6.4 The Market for NZWSI Shares

NZWSI shares are traded on the Unlisted Securities Board operate Zealand Stock Exchange's electronic trading system. Despite there number of NZWSI shareholders, the shares are only spasmodically small volumes. It is unlikely that the shares would attract much buy outside the existing shareholder base unless a trade or strategic buy

If the Forresters Purchase proceeds, Hellaby will be left with appromillion shares, or 20% of NZWSI's issued capital. Hellaby informe NZWSI in July 2001 that it intended to sell all of its shareholding i unlikely that it will attempt to sell all or portions of its remaining h secondary market due to its lack of depth. Hellaby is more likely to purchaser. Because of this, Grant Samuel is of the opinion that the is likely to have little impact on the secondary market for NZWSI s

6.5 Consequences if the Forresters Purchase is not approved

The Takeovers Code requires approval of the Forresters Purchase b other than Forresters and Hellaby because of the fact that Forrester offer to all NZWSI shareholders as the Code normally requires wh shareholding in a target company of 20% or greater. Shareholders an offer for their own holdings have the right to vote against the Fo anticipation that Forresters would then proceed to make an offer to Under the Code, such an offer could be a full offer for all the share partial offer for a shareholding greater than 50%.

However, Forresters has indicated that it is unable to make an offer partial) to all shareholders. Grant Samuel notes that Forresters has finance from Hellaby to finance part of the proposed 39% share pu assumed that it does not have the resources to finance a larger shar offer to all shareholders.

It is therefore likely that Forresters will take no further action if sha approve the Forresters Purchase. Hellaby may seek other prospecti controlling shareholding. However, Hellaby has indicated that in it no other likely buyers.

A possible consequence of this is that having Hellaby as a continui unsettling to the Board and management of NZWSI, diverting attenmatters.

It is possible that if another buyer was found it could be a party wh in agreement with NZWSI current business direction. This could c Board and management level with possible negative impact on sha

7 Conclusion

The Forresters Purchase will lead to a change in the controlling shareholder shareholder has indicated support for the company's current business directi represents the interests of Mr Hubbard who is a strong supporter of the rural Grant Samuel is of the opinion that in evaluating the merits of the Forresters reason to suggest that shareholders of NZWSI, other than Hellaby or Forrest disadvantaged if the transaction proceeds.

8 Qualifications, Declarations and Consents

8.1 Qualifications

Grant Samuel and its related companies provide financial advisory corporate and other clients in relation to mergers and acquisitions, corporate restructuring, property and financial matters generally in Zealand. One of its activities is the preparation of company and bu the provision of independent advice and expert's reports in connecti and acquisitions, takeovers and capital reconstructions. Since its in Grant Samuel and its related companies have prepared more than 2 appraisal reports.

The person responsible for preparing this report on behalf of Grant Mandeno, BCom. He has a significant number of years experience corporate advisory matters.

8.2 Disclaimers

It is not intended that this report should be used or relied upon for a than as an expression of Grant Samuel's opinion on the merits of th acquisition having regard to the interests of NZWSI shareholders e resolution to approve it. Grant Samuel expressly disclaims any liab shareholder that relies or purports to rely on the report for any othe other party who relies or purports to rely on the report for any purp

This report has been prepared by Grant Samuel with care and dilig statements and opinions given by Grant Samuel in this report are gi and in the belief on reasonable grounds that such statements and op and not misleading. However, no responsibility is accepted by Gra its officers or employees for errors or omissions however arising in this report, provided that this shall not absolve Grant Samuel from an opinion expressed recklessly or in bad faith.

8.3 Independence

Grant Samuel does not have at the date of this report, and has not h previous two years, any shareholding in or other relationship with Forresters that could reasonably be regarded as capable of affectin provide an unbiased opinion in relation to the proposed acquisition.

However, Grant Samuel has previously been engaged as an indepe undertake the following assignments:

- independent valuations for the Board of Hannah Limited (an ass Hellaby) for the purpose of determining a fair price for Hellaby to shares in the company (November 1998 and October 1999); and
- preparation of a summary valuation of an acquisition target for a Hellaby (November 1999).

Grant Samuel had no part in the formulation of the Forresters Purc has been the preparation of this report and its summary.

Grant Samuel will receive a fee for the preparation of this report. T contingent on the outcome of the proposed transfer. Grant Samuel benefit for the preparation of this report.

Accordingly, Grant Samuel considers itself to be independent for t Takeovers Code.

8.4 Information

Grant Samuel has obtained all information, which it believes is des purposes of preparing this report, including all relevant information have been known to any Director of NZWSI and made available to Samuel confirms that in its opinion the information to be provided contained within this report is sufficient to enable shareholders not Hellaby or Forresters to understand all relevant factors and make a in respect of the proposed acquisition.

8.5 Declarations

NZWSI has agreed that to the extent permitted by law, it will inde and its employees and officers in respect of any liability suffered o of or arising out of the preparation of the report. This indemnity wi respect of the proportion of liability found by a court to be attributa involving negligence or wilful misconduct by Grant Samuel. NZW indemnify Grant Samuel and its employees and officers for time sp legal costs and expenses incurred in relation to any inquiry or proc any person except where Grant Samuel or its employees and office been negligent or engaged in wilful misconduct in which case Gran such costs.

Advance drafts of this report (and parts of it) were provided to NZ changes were made to this report as a result of the circulation of th However, there was no alteration to the methodology, conclusions made to NZWSI shareholders as a result of issuing the drafts.

Grant Samuel's terms of reference for its engagement did not conta materially restricted the scope of the report.

8.6 Consents

Grant Samuel consents to the issuing of this report in the form and is to be included in the information to be sent to NZWSI sharehold whole nor any part of this report nor any reference thereto may be i document without the prior written consent of Grant Samuel as to t in which it appears.

Yours faithfully GRANT SAMUEL & ASSOCIATES LIMITED