Presented to the House of Representatives pursuant to section 149L of the Crown Entities Act 2004

TAKEOVERS PANEL

STATEMENT OF PERFORMANCE EXPECTATIONS

2017/2018

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STATEMENT OF RESPONSIBILITY

The information on future operating intentions of the Takeovers Panel for the year ending 30 June 2018 contained in this Statement of Performance Expectations has been prepared in accordance with section 149C of the Crown Entities Act 2004.

We acknowledge responsibility for the preparation of these Forecast Financial Statements and Forecast Statement of Service Performance and for the judgements used in them.

We acknowledge responsibility for establishing and maintaining a system of internal control designed to provide reasonable assurance as to the integrity and reliability of the Panel's financial reporting.

In our opinion the information contained in this Statement of Performance Expectations fairly reflects the Takeovers Panel's operating intentions for the reporting period. It should be read in conjunction with the Panel's latest Statement of Intent.

Signed on behalf of the Panel by:

Andy Coupe Chairman Takeovers Panel

Date: 11 April 2017

M.M. CM.

Murdo Beattie Chairman of the Audit and Risk Committee Takeovers Panel

Date: 11 April 2017

INTENDED ACHIEVEMENTS OF OUTPUTS

The Takeovers Panel is responsible for the administration of the Takeovers Code, for which the Panel receives an appropriation from the Government of \$1.49 million per annum.¹ The scope of the appropriation is the performance by the Panel of its statutory obligations under the Takeovers Act 1993. The Panel has identified four output classes for measuring its service performance, namely:

- Services for transactions under the Takeovers Code;
- Services for transactions under the Companies Act 1993 (Code company schemes);
- Review of takeovers law and practice, and recommend any necessary law changes; and
- Public understanding services.

The services provided under these output classes are intended to make three impacts in the takeovers market:

- **Efficiency:** Takeovers law being efficient, with improved information for shareholders;
- **Enforcement:** 100% compliance with the Code and 100% of applicants for Code company schemes seek a No-objection Statement from the Panel; and
- **Knowledge:** Shareholders, and all those who are subject to the Code, and their advisers, are well informed about the role of the Code and of the Panel.

The Panel's services are also intended to contribute to the outcome of an efficient takeovers market, reduced transaction costs for investors and increased confidence in the integrity of the takeovers market.

The takeovers market is not a market *per se*, but a term used to describe mergers and acquisitions activity such as takeovers and acquisitions of business assets. Much of this activity is not subject to the Takeovers Code because it does not relate to transactions in shares, and only a very small percentage of New Zealand's *c*. 500,000 companies (fewer than 1%) are subject to the Code. However, the Panel plays an important role in strengthening the integrity of the capital markets because it regulates changes of control in New Zealand's largest and most widely-held companies, some of which have tens of thousands of shareholders. Therefore, while the Panel's services have a measurable impact in relation to transactions that fall within the scope of the Panel's appropriation, the Panel's contribution to the outcomes for the broader takeovers market cannot be measured.

The Panel will, as part of its service delivery, work with other entities such as NZX Limited, the Commerce Commission and the Financial Markets Authority with the aim of contributing to improving the confidence and participation of investors in New Zealand's capital markets (of which the takeovers market forms part).

¹ The Panel also has access to a Litigation Fund, for which a top up appropriation of up to \$200,000 is available, should the Fund reduce below \$675,000. The purpose of the Fund is to enable the Panel to enforce compliance with the Takeovers Code and Code company schemes provisions in the Companies Act 1993, and to respond to litigation brought against it.

FORECAST PERFORMANCE STANDARDS AND MEASURES FOR THE OUTPUTS OF THE PANEL

OUTPUT 1: Services for transactions under Takeovers Code:

The consideration of applications for approval to act as an independent adviser or expert or for an exemption from compliance with the Code; the monitoring and enforcement of Code compliance in all Code-regulated transactions.

The Panel will use its approval resources to consider applications, including from firms seeking to be approved to act as independent advisers and experts for Code-regulated transactions or events.

The Panel will use its exemption resources to consider exemption applications as they arise, and to consider possible class exemptions (which may be developed on the Panel's own initiative or may be applied for by parties to Code-regulated transactions or events).

The Panel will use its enforcement resources to:

- Provide assistance to those who have Code obligations to understand their obligations and understand the Panel's likely approach to enforcing the Code;
- Maintain 'soft' enforcement activity with Panel staff reviewing draft documents so that they better comply with the Code, enabling most compliance issues to be easily resolved;
- Encourage drafters of Code-regulated documents to apply the Panel's guidance on clear, concise and effective drafting.

Take 'hard' enforcement action, including holding hearings under section 32 of the Takeovers Act and, when necessary, taking Court proceedings for permanent or punitive orders, whenever it is warranted, recognising that 'hard' enforcement uses a high proportion of resources, due to procedural intensity.

Planned performance standards and performance measures for 2017/2018, and Estimated outcome for 2016/2017, using actual data to December 2016 and as estimated for the remainder of the year:

	Performance Standards			
Performance Measures	Forecast 2017/2018	Estimated 2016/2017	Actual 2015/2016	Actual 2014/2015
Quantity ²				
Draft documents reviewed, including for clear, concise and effective drafting as set out in the guidance notes relating to Code documents, and percentage of enforcement resources spent on 'soft' enforcement ³	22 taking 80% of resources	New measure for 2017/2018	New measure for 2017/2018	New measure for 2017/2018

² The number of applications received is entirely market-driven. The inclusion of estimated quantities is to provide contextual information.

³ The level of the Panel's Output 1 resources spent on enforcement of the Code increases if the Panel holds a section 32 meeting (due to procedural intensity). This has a flow-on effect across all Outputs, and within Output 1 in terms of the percentage of resources spent on review of documents.

	Performance Standards			
Performance Measures	Forecast 2017/2018	Estimated 2016/2017	Actual 2015/2016	Actual 2014/2015
Quality The Regulations Review Committee does not recommend disallowance of any Panel exemptions	0 disallowed	0 disallowed	0 disallowed	0 disallowed
Applicants (exemptions and advisers) are satisfied with the Panel's process, as indicated by an external survey	At least 90% of respondents	95% of respondents	100% of respondents	100% of respondents
Legal advisers (takeovers and shareholder meetings) are satisfied with the processes for the reviewing of draft meeting and takeovers documents as indicated by an external survey	At least 90% of respondents	95% of respondents	100% of respondents	100% of respondents
<u>Timeliness</u> Decision for adviser applications given by 3 working days after receipt of complete application	90% of the time	95% of the time	100% of the time	100% of the time
Parties are satisfied with the timeliness of the Panel's decisions regarding approval and exemption applications, as indicated by an external survey	At least 90% of respondents	95% of respondents	100% of respondents	100% of respondents
All exemption applications (4-6 forecast) are processed within the timeframe agreed with the applicant	At least 90% of applications	90% of 10-12 applications ⁴	93% of 14 applications	100% of 8 applications
Review of documents is completed within Code timeframes or as agreed by applicants	100% of the time	100% of the time	100% of the time	100% of the time
<u>Revenue:</u>	\$712,000 40% ⁵ of forecast revenue	\$980,100 55% of estimated revenue	\$981,761 54% of actual revenue	\$747,827 43% of actual revenue
<u>Cost:</u>	\$713,600 40% of forecast expenditure	\$961,950 55% of estimated expenditure	\$900,840 54% of actual expenditure	\$699,050 43% of actual expenditure

⁴ The Panel always aims for a 100% success rate, but has estimated performance at 90% on the basis that some exemptions can be complex and difficult to manage, and due to the small numbers of exemptions estimated performance at 50% on the basis that some exemptions can be comp timeframe would significantly impact the percentage. ⁵ Changes to percentages reflect a view that there will be more schemes and this is expected to reduce the work in exemption applications.

OUTPUT 2 : Services for transactions under Companies Act (Code company schemes):

The Panel responds to notifications of schemes of arrangement being undertaken under the Companies Act that involve Code companies (**Code company schemes**), and considers applications for No-objection Statements. The Panel issues Letters of Intention and No-objection Statements in accordance with the Panel's published guidance and procedures.

The Panel will use its Code company schemes resources to:

- Engage with practitioners on their draft proposals for undertaking a Code company scheme;
- Assess the quality of the scheme documents for shareholders and the proposed voting procedures, as against its published policy for the giving of a No-objection Statement;
- Encourage drafters of scheme documents to apply the Panel's guidance on clear, concise and effective disclosure;
- Decide whether to give a No-objection Statement or whether to appear in the High Court to object to a Code company scheme;
- Approve independent advisers for Code company schemes.

Planned performance standards and performance measures for 2017/2018, and Estimated outcome for 2016/2017, using actual data to December 2016 and as estimated for the remainder of the year:

Performance Measures	Performance Standards				
	Forecast 2017/2018	Estimated 2016/2017	Actual 2015/2016	Actual 2014/2015	
Quantity ⁶					
Review of draft scheme documents includes checking for clear, concise and effective drafting as set out in the guidance note on schemes	4-6 of 4-6 scheme notifications	New measure for 2017/2018	New measure for 2017/2018	New measure for 2017/2018	
Quality					
Applicants are satisfied with process for No- objection Statements as indicated by an external survey ⁷	At least 90% of respondents	90% of respondents ⁸	100% of respondents	N/A	
Applicants are satisfied with the professionalism of the executive as indicated by an external survey	At least 90% of respondents	90% of respondents	100% of respondents	N/A	
Timeliness					
Letters of Intention are issued to applicant by 1 working day after Panel decision to give the Letter of Intention	100% of Letters of Intention	100% of Letters of Intention	100% of 2 Letters of Intention	N/A	
Applicants are satisfied with timeliness of Panel's decision, as indicated by an external survey	At least 90% of respondents	90% of respondents	100% of respondents	N/A	
No-objection Statements are issued to applicant by 1 working day after Panel decision to give the No-objection Statement	100% of the time	100% of the time	100% of the time	N/A	

 ⁶ The number of notifications received is entirely market-driven. The inclusion of estimated quantities is to provide contextual information.
 ⁷ The process for applying for a No-objection Statement is set out in a published Guidance Note which details the steps that applicants must

take (including the information that must be provided to the Panel) in order to receive a No-objection Statement from the Panel.

⁸ The Panel always aims for a 100% success rate, but has estimated performance at 90% on the basis that some schemes can be complex and difficult to manage, and due to the small numbers of schemes estimated, just one application not processed within the agreed timeframe would significantly impact the percentage.

		Performance Standards				
Performance Measures	Forecast	Estimated	Actual	Actual		
	2017/2018	2016/2017	2015/2016	2014/2015		
Revenue:	\$445,000	\$196,020	\$199,988	\$34,783		
	25% of	11% of	11% of actual	2% of actual		
	forecast	estimated	revenue	revenue		
	revenue	revenue				
Cost:	\$446,000	\$192,390	\$183,504	\$32,514		
	25% of	11% of	11% of actual	2% of actual		
	forecast	estimated	expenditure	expenditure		
	expenditure	expenditure				

OUTPUT 3: Review takeovers law and practice; Recommend any necessary law changes:

Ensuring that the provisions of the Takeovers Code and other takeovers law are effective and relevant, as assessed by review of law and practice, undertaking policy development ("policy projects"), and recommending amendments to takeovers law as necessary.

Daily monitoring of market practice and undertaking any policy activities that may arise in response to market practices. If resources are available, the Panel intends to undertake a review of the Code's underlying principles, including the 'no-fly zone' and the ability to 'creep'.

Planned performance standards and performance measures for 2017/2018, and Estimated outcome for 2016/2017, using actual data to December 2016 and as estimated for the remainder of the year:

Performance Measures	Performance Standards			
	Forecast	Estimated	Actual	Actual
	2017/2018	2016/2017	2015/2016	2014/2015
Quantity				
2 policy projects planned, noting that other	2 projects	1 project	3 projects	3 projects
policy projects may arise in response to	completed	commenced	commenced	completed
market practice		2 projects	1 project	
		completed ⁹	completed	
Quality				
Every material policy project meets the	100% of the	100% of the	100% of the	100% of the
following quality assurance criteria (as	time	time	time	time
demonstrated by performance checklists): ¹⁰				
 Discussion papers followed the 				
Regulatory Impact Analysis framework;				
 Panel approved content of discussion 				
papers before their publication;				
• Consultation period was appropriate to				
the significance of the project (i.e., at				
least 6 weeks long for initial				
consultation on significant proposals);				
Submissions from public were				
considered by the Panel;				
Any non-regulatory outcomes were				
approved by Panel before				
implementing them;				
Any recommendations for law change				
were approved by Panel before being				
sent to the Minister;				
Officials from MBIE were consulted				
before recommendations were sent to				
Minister				

⁹ The technical amendments were commenced 2014/2015. It is estimated they will be sent to the Minister April 2017. The class exemption for small Code companies (2016 exemption notice) was extended in 2016.

¹⁰ These quality control measures are intended to ensure that the case for change is robust for any regulatory or policy proposals implemented, or recommended, by the Panel.

Ensuring transparent and equitable takeover processes

	Performance Standards				
Performance Measures	Forecast 2017/2018	Estimated 2016/2017	Actual 2015/2016	Actual 2014/2015	
Timeliness	100% of the	100% of the	N/A	N/A	
Recommendations to the Minister (if any) sent to Ministry within 10 working days of	time	time			
Panel approval of the recommendations ¹¹					
Revenue:	\$249,480	\$249,200	\$381,796	\$539,131	
	14% of	14% of	21% of actual	31% of actual	
	forecast	estimated	revenue	revenue	
	revenue	revenue ¹²			
Cost:	\$244,860	\$249,760	\$350,327	\$503,966	
	14% of	14% of	21% of actual	31% of actual	
	forecast	estimated	expenditure	expenditure	
	expenditure	expenditure			

¹¹ Panel approval means the later of, being approved by the Panel at a Board meeting or by the Chairman (as authorised by the Panel at a Board meeting).

¹² The Panel decided in 2014/2015 to start reducing its focus from policy work to public understanding work. This is evident by the reduction in major policy projects planned, and the changes to resources used for Outputs 3 and 4. However, the gradual increase of transaction levels in recent times has focused the Panel's resources more on Outputs 1 and 2.

OUTPUT 4 : *Public Understanding Services:*

Inform and educate shareholders, directors and other key stakeholders about the Code and relevant law, and respond to public enquiries.

The Panel will use its public understanding resources to:

- Undertake engagements with market practitioners, company directors, market commentators, and other key stakeholders;
- Disseminate educative information about itself and the Code;
- Maintain the Panel's website to inform stakeholders and the market;
- Deal with public enquiries about Code matters.

Planned performance standards and performance measures for 2017/2018, and Estimated outcome for 2016/2017, using actual data to December 2015 and as estimated for the remainder of the year:

Performance Measures	Performance Standards			
	Forecast 2017/2018	Estimated 2016/2017	Actual 2015/2016	Actual 2014/2015
Quantity				
Number of:				
Code Words published	3	2	2	3
Public enquiries responded to	120-150	110	128	108
Engagements with stakeholders as per	60-70	65 individual	22 individual	New measure
Stakeholder Engagement Plan		3 seminars	3 seminars	for 2015/2016
Quality				
Market participants found Panel's	At least 90% of	100% of	100% of	100% of
published documents were useful, as indicated by an external survey ¹³	respondents	respondents	respondents	respondents
Market participants found the website	At least 90% of	90% of	100% of	91% of
useful to a considerable or high degree, as indicated by an external survey	respondents	respondents	respondents	respondents
A Stakeholder Engagement Plan was	Will be	Achieved	Achieved	Achieved
approved by the Panel ¹⁴	achieved			
Timeliness				
Information is published on the website	100% of the	100% of the	55% of the	100% of the
within 10 working days of final Panel sign-off ¹⁵	time	time	time	time
Public enquiries are responded to within	100% of the	100% of the	99.22% of the	100% of the
3 working days of receiving them	time	time	time	time

¹³ The Panel's website includes not only the Panel's own publications but also tools for reducing compliance costs, such as template application forms and a digital calculator for aiding practioners with compliance with the Code's timing rules. It also contains a database of all Code-regulated transactions documents and Code company scheme documents and links to relevant legislation.

¹⁴ The Panel has identified in its Stakeholder Engagement Plan, the key stakeholders with whom it should engage over the 12-month period, including the planned frequency of these engagements. The Plan helps to ensure that the Panel's Public Understanding resources are used efficiently and coherently and that they contribute to the impacts identified on page 4, above. The Panel reconsiders the Plan each year, to ensure that it remains relevant and appropriately focused for the achievement of the Panel's impacts.

¹⁵ Panel sign-off means the later of being approved by the Panel at a Board meeting or by the Chairman (as authorised by the Panel at a Board meeting).

		Performance Standards			
Performance Measures	Forecast 2017/2018	Estimated 2016/2017	Actual 2015/2016	Actual 2014/2015	
Revenue:	\$373,800 21% of	\$356,400 20% of	\$254,531 14% of actual	\$417,392 24% of actual	
	forecast	estimated	revenue	revenue	
	revenue	revenue			
Cost:	\$374,640	\$349,800	\$233,551	\$390,167	
	21% of	20% of	14% of actual	24% of actual	
	forecast	estimated	expenditure	expenditure	
	expenditure	expenditure			

FORECAST FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF THE TAKEOVERS PANEL for the year ending 30 June 2018

Introduction

The forecast financial statements presented here for the reporting entity, the Takeovers Panel, are prepared pursuant to section 149C of the Crown Entities Act 2004. The Panel is a Crown entity for legislative purposes and a public benefit entity for financial reporting purposes.

The Panel is responsible for the forecast financial statements presented, including the appropriateness of the assumptions underlying the forecast financial statements and all other required disclosures.

The preparation of forecast financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. Actual financial results achieved for the period covered are likely to vary from the information presented, and the variations may be material.

These forecast financial statements have been prepared for the purpose of the 2017/2018 Statement of Performance Expectations of the Takeovers Panel. They are not prepared for any other purpose and should not be relied upon for any other purpose.

The forecast financial statements were authorised for issue by the Takeovers Panel on 11 April 2017.

FORECAST STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE for the year ending 30 June 2018

	Forecast 12 months to 30 June 2018 \$	Notes	Estimated 12 months to 30 June 2017 \$
Revenue - Operating			
Government grant-baseline funding	1,494,000	2	1,494,000
Interest	25,000		24,000
Application fees and costs recoverable	218,000	3	228,000
Other revenue	16,000		10,000
Total operating revenue	1,753,000		1,756,000
Revenue - Litigation fund			
Interest	19,000	_	26,000
Total litigation fund revenue	19,000		26,000
Total revenue	1,722,000		1,782,000
Operating expenditure			
Services and supplies	785,000		805,000
Personnel costs	999,000	4	944,000
Total operating expenditure	1,784,000		1,749,000
Expenditure - Litigation fund	0	_	0
Total expenditure	1,784,000	_	1,749,000
Net Surplus/Deficit	(\$12,000)		\$33,000
This is comprised of:			
Revenue-operating/(deficit)	(31,000)		7,000
Revenue-litigation/(deficit)	19,000		26,000
	(\$12,000)		\$33,000

The Statement of Accounting Policies and Notes form an integral part of, and should be read in conjunction with, these financial statements.

FORECAST STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION as at 30 June 2018

	Forecast as at 30 June 2018 \$	Estimated as at 30 June 2017 \$
Current assets		
Bank accounts and cash - operations	92,000	179,000
Bank accounts and cash – litigation fund	123,000	122,000
Short term deposits – operations	875,000	845,000
Short term deposits – litigation fund	567,000	551,000
Interest receivable – operations	13,000	14,000
Interest receivable – litigation fund	6,000	4,000
Debtors and prepayments	86,000	85,000
Total current assets	1,762,000	1,800,000
Non current assets		
Property, plant and equipment	39,000	34,000
Total non current assets	39,000	34,000
Total assets	\$1,801,000	\$2,834,000
Current liabilities		
	F7 000	
Creditors and accrued expenses Provision for retention of staff	57,000 0	55,000
		20,000
Employee costs payable	51,000	55,000
Total current liabilities	108,000	130,000
Accumulated Funds		
Capital contribution	150,000	150,000
Operating funds	847,000	877,000
Litigation fund	696,000	677,000
Total equity	1,693,000	1,704,000
Total equity and liabilities	\$1,801,000	\$1,834,000

The Statement of Accounting Policies and Notes form an integral part of, and should be read in conjunction with, these financial statements.

FORECAST STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS for the year ending 30 June 2018

	Forecast 12 months to 30 June 2018 \$	Estimated 12 months to 30 June 2017 \$
Cash flows from operating activities		
Cash was provided from:		
Government grant - operations	1,494,000	1,494,000
Application fees & costs recoverable	223,000	280,000
Interest	43,000	42,000
Other	16,000	10,000
Cash was disbursed to:		
Suppliers	(530,000)	(554,000)
Employees and Members	(1,253,000)	(1,147,000)
Return of funds to Government	0	(250,000)
Good and Services Tax (net)	(3,000)	0
Net cash inflow (outflow) from operating activities	(10,000)	(127,000)
Cash flows from investing and financing activities		
Cash was provided from:		
Sale of investments	0	0
Cash was applied to:		
Acquisition of property and equipment	(30,000)	(30,000)
Purchase of investments	(46,000)	(170,000)
Net cash inflow (outflow) from investing and financing activities	(76,000)	(200,000)
Net increase (decrease) in cash balance	(86,000)	(327,000)
Add opening bank accounts and cash	301,000	628,000
Closing bank accounts and cash	\$215,000	\$301,000

The Statement of Accounting Policies and Notes form an integral part of, and should be read in conjunction with, these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FORECAST FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ending 30 June 2018

Statement of Significant Assumptions

The Panel is responsible for the forecast financial statements presented, including the appropriateness of the assumptions underlying the forecast financial statements and all other required disclosures. The preparation of these forecast financial statements requires the Panel to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the forecast amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates and the variation may be material.

Estimates and assumptions used in these forecast financial statements are based on the best information available to the Panel at the time of their preparation. Information about significant areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgements in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amount recognised in the forecast financial statements are described in the following significant assumptions. It is not intended to update the forecast financial statements subsequent to publication of these statements.

1 Estimated financial statements for 2016/2017

The 2016/2017 estimated financial statements include actual results up to the end of December 2016 and an estimate of the outcome for the remaining six months of the year taking account of work on hand and expected developments in the final months of the financial year. These figures are therefore not the same as those included for 2016/2017 in the Panel's 2016/2017 SPE.

2 <u>Government appropriation</u>

The Government appropriation is as per the amount allocated for "Administration of the Takeovers Code" for the year 2017/2018.

3 Application fees and costs recoverable

The Panel forecasts third party income of \$218,000 in 2017/2018. This assumes no revenue from meetings under section 32 of the Takeovers Act 1993 (under which section the Panel may make orders, in certain circumstances, for the recovery of its costs in holding the meeting), on the assumption that no such meetings will be held.

4 <u>Personnel costs</u>

The Panel forecasts spending \$999,000 on personnel costs in 2017/2018, an increase of \$55,000 over the expected personnel costs in 2016/2017. \$20,000 of this is on the basis of several legal staff moving through Post Qualification Experience bands and several staff receiving a pay increase of between 2% and 3%.

5 Overall risk of forecast revenue expectations not being met

These forecast financial statements are presented on the basis that, other than matters stated above under the statement of significant assumptions, there will be no other significant change to the nature of the Panel's operations or its principal activities in the period covered by the forecast financial statements.

The level of Panel income from exemptions, approvals, enforcement and schemes work is difficult to predict. In a related vein, the level of the Panel's takeover activity and schemes of arrangement activity is dependent on the level and nature of takeover market activity.

Statement of Significant Accounting Policies

Statement of compliance

The separate forecast financial statements presented here are for the reporting entity, the Takeovers Panel, for the year ending 30 June 2018. The Panel has elected to apply Public Benefit Entity Simple Format Reporting – Accrual (Public Sector) and is eligible to do so with total operating expenses below \$2million. These forecast financial statements have been prepared in compliance with NZ Generally Accepted Accounting Practice. All transactions are reported using the accrual basis of accounting and on the assumption that the Panel is a going concern.

Basis of measurement

The accounting principles recognised as appropriate for the measurement and reporting of results and financial position on an historical cost basis have been applied.

Functional and presentational currency

These forecast financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars (\$), which is the Panel's functional currency. All financial information presented in New Zealand dollars has been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars.

Significant Accounting Policies

1 <u>Revenue Recognition</u>

Government grant is recognised as revenue when earned and is reported in the financial period to which it relates. Revenue from application fees and costs recoverable is recognised when the relevant services are provided.

Interest income is recognised as it accrues, based on the effective interest rate inherent in the respective financial instrument. The effective interest rate exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount. The method applies this rate to the principal outstanding to determine interest income each period.

2 <u>Litigation Fund</u>

Interest income and expenditure on approved litigation fund matters are reported as income and expenditure of the Panel in the financial period in which they were derived or incurred. Costs awarded by the Court are recognised in the financial period during which the Court gives its judgment or the parties agree. Reimbursements from the Crown to top-up the fund are reported as income in the period in which the Panel's claim for reimbursement relates.

The balance of the fund is disclosed as a component of equity in the statement of financial position. On 11 April 2017 the Panel authorised the return of \$250,000 surplus from the litigation fund to the Government.

3 <u>GST</u>

The Takeovers Panel is GST registered. All items in financial statements are exclusive of GST with the exception of trade and other receivables and trade and other payables which are stated with GST included.

The statement of cash flows has been prepared on a net GST basis. That is, cash receipts and payments are presented exclusive of GST. A net GST presentation has been chosen to be consistent with the presentation of the statement of financial performance and statement of financial position. The net GST component of operating activities reflects the net GST paid to and received from the Inland Revenue Department. The GST component has been presented on a net basis as the gross amounts would not provide meaningful information for financial statement purposes.

4 Cost Allocation Policy

For the purposes of the statement of service performance direct costs are charged directly to outputs. Indirect costs are allocated on the basis of direct labour hours spent on each output.

5 Income Tax

The Panel is exempt from income tax under the Income Tax Act 2007.

6 <u>Trade and other receivables</u>

Debtors and other receivables are initially measured when the good or service is sold giving the Takeovers Panel the right to collect cash in the future. They are measured at the amount owed.

7 <u>Trade and other payables</u>

Creditors and other payables are initially measured at the amount owing. If the Takeovers Panel has not received a supplier invoice an accrual for the estimated amount to be paid is recorded.

8 Bank accounts and cash

Bank accounts and cash comprise cash balances on hand, held in cheque or savings accounts and deposits held at call with bank accounts that form part of the Panel's day-to-day cash management.

9 Term deposits

This category includes all term deposits.

10 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are shown at cost or deemed cost less depreciation, and less any impairment losses. The following classes of property, plant and equipment have been depreciated over their economic lives on the following basis:

- office furniture 8.5 10.5 percent straight line,
- office equipment 17.5 40 percent straight line,
- computer software 36 percent straight line.

11 Short term employee benefits

Employee entitlements represent the Panel's liability for employee annual leave entitlements and salaries accrued up to balance date. This has been calculated on an accrued entitlement basis which involves recognising the undiscounted amount of short term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for service that an employee has already rendered. This is calculated at current remuneration rates.

12 <u>Contingent liabilities</u>

Contingent liabilities are disclosed if the possibility that they will crystallise is not remote. There are no contingent liabilities forecast in 2017/2018.

13 Changes in accounting policies

There have been no changes in accounting policy.